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Exam Code: CPP

Exam Name: Certified Protection Professional











Exam A

QUESTION 1

With regard to a potential nuclear attack, the attention or alert signal is usually a:

- A. 30-second wavering sound on sirens
- B. 30-second steady blast
- C. 2-minute wavering sound
- D. 4-minute wavering sound
- E. 3-to-5-minute steady blast on siren

Correct Answer: E

Section:

QUESTION 2

Which action should not be taken if one hears a standard warning signal of potential nuclear attack?

- A. Go to a public fallout shelter.
- B. Go to a home fallout shelter.
- C. Turn on the radio.
- D. Telephone the nearest civil defense office for more information.
- E. None of the above.

Correct Answer: D

Section:

QUESTION 3

Which of the following is not a recommended treatment for a person who may be in shock?

- A. Keep the person lying down.
- B. Keep the person from chilling.
- C. Keep the person's head a little lower than his or her hips.
- D. Encourage the person to drink.
- E. Give the person alcohol to drink.

Correct Answer: E

Section:

QUESTION 4

A symptom of radiation sickness is:

- A. Lack of appetite
- B. Nausea
- C. Vomiting











D. Fatigue

E. All of the above

Correct Answer: E

Section:

QUESTION 5

Flood forecasts and warnings are issued by the:

- A. Federal Emergency Management Agency
- B. National Weather Service
- C. Department of the Interior
- D. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
- E. Agriculture Department

Correct Answer: D

Section:

QUESTION 6

Which of the following is not a recommended action with regard to survival of earthquakes?

- A. If outside, immediately go inside.
- B. Keep calm.
- C. Douse all fires.
- D. Keep away from utility wires.
- E. Don't run through buildings.

Correct Answer: D

Section:

QUESTION 7

The firing train of a bomb generally consists of a:

- A. Detonator
- B. Booster
- C. Main charge
- D. All of the above
- E. None of the above

Correct Answer: D

Section:

QUESTION 8

A full evacuation of a building should be ordered upon receipt of a bomb threat when:

- A. There is a reasonable suspicion that a bomb is present.
- B. Any threat is received.











- C. The threat is received during working hours.
- D. The caller has a foreign accent.
- E. None of the above.

Section:

QUESTION 9

Which of the following statements is not true in regard to an information security program?

- A. The information security program is an attempt to make theft of sensitive information difficult, not necessarily to eliminate it.
- B. The protection afforded against losses by either internal or external sources is, at best, limited.
- C. A good information security program will provide total protection from industrial espionage.
- D. A trust relationship must be established and maintained with employees.
- E. The good will and compliance of employees is crucial for success.

Correct Answer: C

Section:

QUESTION 10

Vital records normally constitute what percentage of the company's total records?

- A. 2 percent
- B. 5 percent
- C. 10 percent
- D. 15 percent
- E. 20 percent

Correct Answer: A

Section:

QUESTION 11

Which of the following is considered to be an approved method of protecting vital records?

- A. On-site storage in vaults or safes
- B. Protection of original vital records
- C. Natural dispersal within an outside organization
- D. Planned dispersal of copies of vital records
- E. All of the above

Correct Answer: E

Section:

QUESTION 12

The term 'social engineering' is:

A. A function of the personnel department in which like persons are teamed together in workshops or seminars for maximum productivity











- B. The subtle elicitation of information without revealing the true purpose of the call
- C. The specific design of a business structure to facilitate the interaction of the inhabitants
- D. Both a and c
- E. None of the above

Section:

QUESTION 13

Competitive intelligence gathering is a legitimate activity that is engaged in by many firms throughout the world. The most important function of competitive intelligence is to:

- A. Alert senior management to changes in protocol in foreign countries
- B. Alert senior management as to the personal habits of competitive
- C. senior management
- D. Alert government intelligence agencies to marketplace changes
- E. Alert senior management to marketplace changes in order to prevent surprise
- F. All of the above

Correct Answer: D

Section:

QUESTION 14

The Secretary of Defense is not authorized to act on behalf of the following agency or department in rendering industrial security services:

- A. Department of Commerce
- B. Central Intelligence Agency
- C. Department of Justice
- D. Department of Labor
- E. None of the above

Correct Answer: B

Section:

QUESTION 15

The overall policy guidance for the Defense Industrial Security Program is provided by:

- A. The Federal Bureau of Investigation
- B. The Deputy Undersecretary of Defense for Policy
- C. The Assistant Chief of Staff in Intelligence
- D. The Defense Intelligence Agency
- E. None of the above

Correct Answer: B

Section:

QUESTION 16









The pre-testing interview prior to the polygraph examination itself is for the purpose of:



- A. Helping the subject to relax
- B. Helping the examiner to get to know the subject
- C. Helping the examiner to judge the subject's character
- D. All of the above
- E. None of the above

Correct Answer: D

Section:

QUESTION 17

On average, a polygraph examination takes:

- A. 10 hours
- B. 1 hour
- C. 15 minutes
- D. 5 hours I
- E. 4 hours

Correct Answer: B

Section:

QUESTION 18
Which of the following statements is not correct regarding the polygraph?

- A. The polygraph is not a lie detector.
- B. The polygraph does not automatically register truth or falsehood.
- C. A polygraph test is conclusive.
- D. Historically, polygraphs have more often been used to establish innocence rather than to prove guilt.
- E. None of the above.

Correct Answer: C

Section:

QUESTION 19

Persons are protected from abuses of polygraph by:

- A. The courts through civil lawsuits
- B. State labor departments
- C. The National Labor Relations Board
- D. All of the above
- E. None of the above

Correct Answer: D



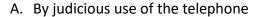






QUESTION 20

The best way to verify an applicant's statements is:



B. By a personal visit with the applicant

C. By mail

D. All of the above

E. None of the above

Correct Answer: E

Section:

QUESTION 21

Which of the following should not be included in the written investigative report of an applicant?

A. Derogatory information

B. Confidential sources of information

C. Results of a lie detector examination

D. Arrest records

E. None of the above

Correct Answer: B

Section:

QUESTION 22

Of all those with mental disorders, the most dangerous subject to handle is:

A. One suffering hysteria

B. A paranoid psychotic

C. A neurotic

D. One suffering phobia

E. Schizophrenic

Correct Answer: B

Section:

QUESTION 23

Mental disorders may be determined by symptoms. Which of the following is such a symptom?

A. Sudden changes in behavior

B. Behavior that is not harmonious with a situation

C. Unduly prolonged depression

D. All of the above E. None of the above

Correct Answer: D



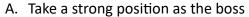






QUESTION 24

In handling a mentally disturbed person, one should:



- C. Leave the impression he or she has control of the situation
- D. All of the above

Correct Answer: B

- C. Where physical restraint is required, use two officers.

Correct Answer: D

Section:

QUESTION 26

The purpose for employing an access control program includes:

C. To permit or deny entrance

Correct Answer: E

Section:

QUESTION 27

- A. Manual identification systems
- B. Magnetic readers
- C. Biometric-based systems
- D. Dielectric readers

Correct Answer: A









- B. Assume a calm and friendly position

- E. None of the above

Section:

QUESTION 25

Which of the following is true in handling persons with mental disorders?

- A. Don't deceive them.
- B. Don't become involved in their personal problems.
- D. All of the above.
- E. None of the above.

- A. To protect persons, materials, or information
- B. To slow or speed up the rate of movement to, from, or within an establishment
- D. Both a and c
- E. All of the above

Identification and access control systems have the widest application of:

- E. None of the above

Section:



QUESTION 28

The performance requirements of any trustworthy system of identification includes:

- A. Resistance to surreptitious substitution or counterfeiting
- B. Reliability
- C. Validity
- D. Both band c
- E. All of the above

Correct Answer: E

Section:

QUESTION 29

A general defect of manual identification systems is that:

- A. Many are made of plastic.
- B. Many do not have biometric characteristics on them.
- C. Once issued, they tend to remain valid indefinitely.
- D. They lack identifying colors.
- E. None of the above.

Correct Answer: C

Section:

QUESTION 30

Any formula, pattern, device, or compilation of information that is used in one's business and that gives you an opportunity to gain an advantage over competitors who do not use it or know about it is:

- A. A patent
- B. A trade secret
- C. A monopoly
- D. Copyrighted material
- E. None of the above

Correct Answer: B

Section:

QUESTION 31

What is most likely the main reason for loss of sensitive information?

- A. Industrial espionage
- B. An employee's loose lips
- C. Inadvertent disclosure
- D. Deliberate theft by an outsider
- E. Both band c









| F. | None | of the | above |
|----|------|--------|-------|
|----|------|--------|-------|

| Correct A | nswer: | F |
|-----------|--------|---|
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Section:

QUESTION 32

Which of the following should be part of an effective information security program?

- A. Pre-employment screening
- B. Nondisclosure agreements from employees
- C. Employee awareness programs
- D. Policy and procedural statements on the recognition, classification, and handling of sensitive information
- E. All of the above

Correct Answer: E

Section:

QUESTION 33

The primary tool of pre-employment screening is the:

- A. Application form
- B. Interview
- C. Polygraph
- D. Investigator performing the interview

Correct Answer: A

Section:

QUESTION 34

Which of the following is generally not allowed to be disclosed on an employment questionnaire?

- A. Current residence
- B. References
- C. Prior employment
- D. Prior arrests
- E. None of the above

Correct Answer: D

Section:

QUESTION 35

To be within the definition of a trade secret, sensitive information must meet which of the following criteria?

- A. Individuals to whom it is disclosed must know it is secret.
- B. It must be identifiable.
- C. It must not be already available in public sources.
- D. There must be some obvious indication that the owner is attempting to prevent its unauthorized disclosure.











- E. a, c, and d.
- F. All of the above.

Section:

QUESTION 36

According to the 'restatement of the law of torts,' a trade secret is:

- A. All information about a company that the company desires to protect
- B. Any formula, pattern, device, or compilation of information that is used in one's business and that gives that business an opportunity to gain an advantage over competitors who do not know or use it
- C. Information about a company that is registered with the U.S. Patent Office
- D. Both a and b
- E. All of the above

Correct Answer: B

Section:

QUESTION 37

A trade secret may be:

- A. A formula for a chemical compound
- B. A process of manufacturing materials
- C. A pattern for a machine
- D. A list of customers
- E. All of the above

Correct Answer: E

Section:

QUESTION 38

The characteristics of a trade secret as compared with other confidential information are:

- A. Those business secrets that have been duly registered pursuant to the requirements of law
- B. Continuous or consistent business applications of a secret not known to others, from the use of which some advantage is gained by the user
- C. Those business secrets that are fully protected in accordance with the Federal Privacy Act
- D. Both a and c
- E. All of the above

Correct Answer: B

Section:

QUESTION 39

Which of the following is generally not true in regard to trade secrets?

- A. The more a business narrowly defines what it regards as a secret, the easier it is to protect that body of information.
- B. It is difficult to protect a trade secret that can be found in publicly accessible sources.











- C. Secret information does have to be specifically identifiable.
- D. Secret information must be effectively protected.
- E. None of the above.

Section:

QUESTION 40

In regard to a trade secret, it may be decided that its disclosure by another was innocent, rather than wrongful, even in the case where the person making the disclosure really was guilty of malice or wrong intent. This situation may occur when:

- A. The trade secret was not registered
- B. The trade secret did not involve national defense information
- C. The trade secret was not in current use
- D. There is absence of evidence that an owner has taken reason- able precautions to protect confidential information.
- E. All of the above

Correct Answer: D

Section:

QUESTION 41

Proprietary information is:

- A. Private information of a highly sensitive natureB. Information that must be classified according to executive order of the U.S Government
- C. Sensitive information that is classified according to executive order of the U.S. Government
- D. Anything that an enterprise considers relevant to its status or opera

Correct Answer: D

Section:

QUESTION 42

The class of person under a duty to safeguard a proprietary secret is known as a(n):

- A. Agent
- B. Proprietary security employee
- C. Fiduciary
- D. Business associate
- E. None of the above

Correct Answer: C

Section:

QUESTION 43

It is important for employees to know whether confidential information is a trade secret, or some other confidential material, because:

A. If it is a trade secret, the employee may be prevented from disclosing t by injunction.











- B. If not a trade secret and it is disclosed, the employer must take action after the disclosure and must be able to prove some actual damage in order to recover
- C. If not a trade secret, the information once disclosed is no longer defendable
- D. If not a trade secret, the information once disclosed cannot be further prevented from disclosure by an injunction
- E. All of the above.

Section:

QUESTION 44

Which of the following is not a correct statement as a general rule involving the protection of proprietary information?

- A. As a class, employees are the largest group of persons bound to secrecy because of their status or relationship
- B. By operation of common law, employees are presumed to be fiduciaries to an extent that they may not disclose secrets of their employees without authorization
- C. Other than the employees, any other persons to be bound to secrecy must agree to be so bound
- D. Any agreements to be bound must always be in writing and are not implied from acts

Correct Answer: D

Section:

QUESTION 45

To effectively involve the law for the protection of sensitive information, the owner of the proprietary information must be able to show 'objective indications of attempts to protect secrecy.' Which of the following has been recognized in the past as such an indication?

- A. Use of warning signs to alert employees to sensitive data and the places it is storedB. Separately storing sensitive information in security containers with the appropriate security precautions
- C. Special instructions providing a 'need-to-know' basis
- D. Restrictions to nonemployee access to places containing sensitive information
- E. All of the above

Correct Answer: E

Section:

QUESTION 46

Which of the following should be made part of a proprietary, information protection program?

- A. Pre-employment screening
- B. Effective perimeter control system
- C. Execution of patent and secrecy agreement
- D. Paper and data control
- E. Both a and c
- F. All of the above

Correct Answer: F

Section:

QUESTION 47

In designing a proprietary information protection program, the area of greatest vulnerability is:











| Δ | Personnel | filoc |
|----|-----------|-------|
| А. | Personner | IIIes |

B. Employees

C. Computers

D. Marketing data

E. Perimeter boundaries

Correct Answer: B

Section:

QUESTION 48

In devising proprietary information procedures, which of the following is considered to be a main area of paper or document vulnerability?

- A. Comprehensive paper controls
- B. A technical report system
- C. Control and issue of notebooks
- D. All of the above
- E. None of the above

Correct Answer: B

Section:

QUESTION 49
When a loss of proprietary information is discovered, which of the following steps should be taken first?

A. Attempt to recover the material.

- B. Attempt to apprehend the perpetrators.
- C. Assess economic damage.
- D. Re-evaluate the protection system.
- E. All of the above.

Correct Answer: E

Section:

QUESTION 50

Which of the following would not be considered in the 'trade secret' category?

- A. Salary data
- B. Market surveys
- C. Personnel matters
- D. Customer usage evaluations
- E. All of the above

Correct Answer: E









QUESTION 51

Litigations concerning former employees involving trade secrets have some problems.

Which of the following is considered to be such a problem?

- A. The cost of litigations is too high and the owner of the trade secret may lose.
- B. Litigation is a waste of time.
- C. The owner of the trade secret may have to expose the information that is being protected.
- D. Both a and c.
- E. All of the above.

Correct Answer: D

Section:

QUESTION 52

A 'trash cover' is:

- A. A sealed cover on a trash container
- B. The process of examining one's trash for information
- C. Placing the company's trash in a locked container
- D. Both a and c
- E. All of the above

Correct Answer: B

Section:

QUESTION 53

Sound waves too high in frequency to be heard by the human ear, generally above 20 kHz, are known as:

- A. High-frequency sound waves
- B. Microwave waves
- C. Ultrasonic waves
- D. Short-frequency sound waves
- E. None of the above

Correct Answer: C

Section:

QUESTION 54

The process of combining a number of transmission into one composite signal to be sent over one link is called:

- A. Transmission integrity
- B. Communication integration
- C. A demultiplexer
- D. Multiplexing
- E. None of the above











Section:



QUESTION 55

Which of the following applies to the laser as a means of communication?

- A. Line of sight transmission is necessary.
- B. Poor weather conditions interfere with the beam.
- C. It is practically impossible to intercept the beam without detection.
- D. Both a and c.
- E. All of the above.

Correct Answer: E

Section:

QUESTION 56

Which of the following is not correct in regard to microwave transmissions?

- A. Microwave signals penetrate fog and snow.
- B. Microwave signals are transmitted in short radio waves.
- C. A large number of microwave signals can be transmitted.
- D. Microwave signals travel in curved lines.
- E. Microwave signals are not affected by ordinary man-made noise.
- F. None of the above.

Correct Answer: D

Section:

QUESTION 57

Which of the following is true with regard to the power of detention?

- A. Detention differs from arrest.
- B. It is lawful as long as it is for a reasonable time and conducted reasonably.
- C. There is no one standard to apply.
- D. All of the above.
- E. None of the above.

Correct Answer: D

Section:

QUESTION 58

Which of the following is true with regard to the law of arrest?

- A. Force may be used if it is reasonable and necessary.
- B. The deputized private agent has powers similar to the police.
- C. Citizen's arrest is not a right, it is a privilege.











- D. The private security agent should understand what his or her powers and limitations are according to law.
- E. All of the above.

Section:

QUESTION 59

A private citizen may arrest in which of the following cases?

- A. When a felony has been committed and he or she has reason to believe that a suspect has committed it
- B. When he or she has reasonable cause to believe that a felony has been committed and reasonable cause to believe that the suspect committed it
- C. When he or she has reason to believe that a suspect is an escaped convict or has violated parole or probation
- D. All of the above
- E. None of the above

Correct Answer: A

Section:

QUESTION 60

Defenses and immunities that protect a person from liability resulting from a private arrest include:

- A. Self-defense
- B. Defense of property
- C. Crime prevention
- D. All of the above
- E. None of the above

Correct Answer: D

Section:

QUESTION 61

Generally, a private citizen has the right to initiate arrest for a misdemeanor if the:

- A. Misdemeanor was in fact committed
- B. Misdemeanor was committed in the arrester's presence
- C. Private citizen's rights to arrest do not apply to misdemeanors
- D. All of the above
- E. None of the above

Correct Answer: B

Section:

QUESTION 62

When armed with a pistol, the private security officer should use it to immobilize a suspect:

- A. At first sign of resistance
- B. Only as a last resort











D. All of the above

E. None of the above

Correct Answer: B

Section:

QUESTION 63

If a private security officer violates the restriction of the laws of arrest that apply to him or her, he or she may:

A. Jeopardize the case against the subject

B. Be subject to criminal charges

C. Be held liable for damages in a civil suit

D. All of the above

E. None of the above

Correct Answer: D







