Number: 3V0-42.20
Passing Score: 800
Time Limit: 120
File Version: 3.0

**Exam Code: 3V0-42.20**
**Exam Name: Advanced Design VMware NSX-T Data Center**

**Exam A**

**QUESTION 1**
An NSX-T Architect is working in a brownfield environment with 4 ESXi hosts. These constraints were documented: new servers cannot be purchased North/South bandwidth must be guaranteed Top-of-Rack switches have additional uplinks Which three recommendations should the architect implement? (Choose three.)

A. Remove one of the ESXi hosts and install a bare-metal Edge.
B. Use a resource pool for production workloads.
C. Use a resource pool to deploy the Edge nodes on.
D. Recommend obtaining 2 new physical NICs for the servers.
E. Install Edge nodes on a separate cluster.

**Correct Answer: A, C, D**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 2**
An architect is helping an organization with the Physical Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution.
This information was gathered during the Assessment Phase:
There is a critical application used by the Finance Team.
The critical application has an availability and recoverability SLA of 99.999%.
The critical application is sensitive to network changes.
Which two selections should an architect include in their design? (Choose two.)

A. Configure Tier-0 gateway for eBGP and ECMP.
B. Configure Tier-1 gateway for eBGP and ECMP.
C. Enable BFD on Tier-0 gateway.
D. Install and configure hosts with 100Gbps physical NICs.
E. Configure multiple static routes on Tier-1 gateway.

**Correct Answer: B, D**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 3**
An architect is helping an organization with the Physical Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution.
This information was gathered during a workshop:
There are six hosts and hardware has already been purchased.
Customer is planning a collapsed Management/Edge/Compute cluster.
Each host has two 10Gb NICs connected to a pair of switches.
There should be no single point of failure in any proposed design.
Which virtual switch design should the architect recommend to the organization? (Choose the best answer.)

A. Create a vSphere Distributed Switch (vDS) for Management VMkernel traffic and assign one NIC.
   Also, create an NSX-T Virtual Distributed Switch (N-VDS) for overlay traffic and assign one NIC.
B. Create an NSX-T Virtual Distributed Switch (N-VDS) for Management VMkernel traffic and assign one NIC. Also, create an NSX-T Virtual Distributed Switch (N-VDS) for overlay traffic and assign one NIC.
C. Create an NSX-T Virtual Distributed Switch (N-VDS) for Management VMKernel and overlay traffic and assign both NICs.

D. Create an NSX-T Virtual Distributed Switch (N-VDS) for Management VMkernel and overlay traffic and assign a new virtual NIC.

**Correct Answer: A**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 4**
What selection is the key design benefit provided by a dedicated Edge Cluster VM or Bare Metal?
(Choose the best answer.)

A. reduced administrative overhead
B. predictable network performance
C. multiple Tier-0 gateways per Edge Node Cluster
D. support for Edge Node Clusters with more than 10 Edge Nodes

**Correct Answer: B**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 5**
An architect is helping an organization with the Logical Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution.
This information was gathered during the Assessment Phase:
There is a performance based SLA for East – West traffic.
The business critical applications require prioritization of their traffic.
One of the services is a file share and has a high demand for bandwidth.
Which selection should the architect include in their design? (Choose the best answer.)

A. Review average North/South traffic from the core switches and firewall.
B. Include a segment QoS profile and review the impact of utilizing this feature.
C. Meet with the organization's application team to get additional information.
D. Monitor East-West traffic throughout normal business cycles.

**Correct Answer: B**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 6**
Which NSX-T feature is used to allocate the network bandwidth to business-critical applications and to resolve situations where several types of traffic compete for common resources? (Choose the best answer.)

A. Network I/O Control Profiles
B. LLDP Profile
C. LAG Uplink Profile
D. Transport Node Profiles
Answer: A

**Correct Answer: A**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 7**
An architect is helping an organization with the Logical Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution.
This information was gathered during the Assessment Phase:

Customer currently has a single 10 host vSphere cluster.
Customer wants to improve network security and automation.
Current cluster utilization and business policies prevent changing the existing vSphere deployment.
High-availability is important to the customer.
Which three selections should the architect include in their design? (Choose three.)

A. Apply vSphere DRS VM-Host anti-affinity rules to the virtual machines of the NSX-T Edge cluster.
B. Deploy at least two NSX-T Edge virtual machines in the vSphere cluster.
C. Deploy the NSX Controllers in the management cluster.
D. Apply vSphere Distributed Resource Scheduler (vSphere DRS) VM-Host anti-affinity rules to NSX Managers.
E. Remove 2 hosts from the cluster and create a new edge cluster.
F. Remove vSphere DRS VM-Host affinity rules to the NSX-T Controller VMs.

**Correct Answer: A, C, E**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 8**
An architect is helping an organization with the Conceptual Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution.
This information was gathered by the architect during the Discover Task of the Enagagement Lifecycle:
There are applications which use IPv6 addressing.
Network administrators are not familiar with NSX-T Data Center solutions.
Hosts can only be configured with two physical NICs.
There is an existing management cluster to deploy the NSX-T components.
Dynamic routing should be configured between the physical and virtual network.
There is a storage array available to deploy NSX-T components.
Which constraint was documented by the architect? (Choose the best answer.)



A. Dynamic routing should be configured between the physical and virtual network.
B. There are applications which use IPv6 addressing.
C. Hosts can only be configured with two physical NICs.
D. There are enough CPU and memory resources in the existing management cluster.

**Correct Answer: A**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 9**
Which two benefits can be achieved using in-band management of an NSX Bare Metal Edge Node?
(Choose two.)

A. Reduces storage requirements.
B. Reduces cost.
C. Preserves packet locality.
D. Reduces egress data.
E. Preserves switchports.

**Correct Answer: B, D**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 10**
An architect is helping an organization with the Physical Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution.
This information was gathered during a workshop:
Any proposed solution must provide low latency.
Any proposed solution must provide high throughput.
Customer is running stock trading applications.
Which two selections should the architect recommend to meet high-performance workload requirements? (Choose two.)

A. Leverage ESXi as the compute host.
B. Use LACP for all uplink profiles.
C. Leverage KVM as the compute host.
D. Enable enhanced data path mode on the N-VDS.
E. Enable latency sensitivity mode on the N-VDS.

**Correct Answer: A, D**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 11**
Which selection is associated with the Review Task of the Engagement Lifecycle? (Choose the best answer.)

A. Gather and document requirements, assumptions, and constraints.
B. Build, deploy, implement, and test the design.
C. Measure performance against customer's objective.
D. Create and document the logical and physical design.

**Correct Answer: C**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 12**
An architect is helping an organization with the Logical Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution.
This information was gathered during the Assessment Phase:
NSX-T will span across two sites for disaster recovery.
Public Load Balancer VIP should be accessible from a secondary site.
Distributed Firewall Policies should be available at a secondary site.
Routing capabilities should be maintained after failure.
NAT capabilities are required.
Which two selections should the architect include in their design? (Choose two.)

A. Use of the same ISPs across sites.
B. Use two separate ISPs across sites.
C. Use MTU to 1550 between sites.
D. Set MTU to 1550 between sites.
E. Use IP sets or groups to configure DFW rules.
Answer: AE
Reference:

**Correct Answer: A, E**

**Section:**

**QUESTION 13**
An architect is helping an organization with the Conceptual Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution.
Which risk is documented by an architect? (Choose the best answer.)

A. The security team has a firewall communication matrix documented.
B. The team is not trained for NSX-T but have a very strong experience with vSphere.
C. Open communication between different application tiers is not allowed.
D. Aggregate N-S throughput at any given time should be at least 10G.

**Correct Answer: B**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 14**
An architect is helping an organization with the Logical Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution.
This information was gathered during the Assessment Phase:
Data between two networks connected over a public network needs to be encrypted.
Certificate authentication is required.
Dynamic route learning is preferred.
Which selection should the architect include in their design? (Choose the best answer.)

A. Deploy a Tier-0 gateway in Active/Standby mode. Configure policy-based IPSec VPN with SHA512 with RSA as the hash algorithm.
B. Deploy a Tier-0 gateway in Active/Active mode. Configure route-based IPSec VPN with SHA512 with RSA as the hash algorithm.
C. Deploy a Tier-0 gateway in Active/Standby mode. Configure route-based IPSec VPN with SHA512 with RSA as the hash algorithm.
D. Deploy a Tier-0 gateway in Active/Active mode. Configure policy-based IPSec VPN with SHA512 with RSA as the hash algorithm.

**Correct Answer: C**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 15**
An architect is helping an organization with the Physical Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution.
This information was gathered during a workshop:
Migrating existing data center to KVM hosts.
Redundancy and high availability are required.
No component can be a single point of failure.
Which selection should the architect recommend? (Choose the best answer.)

A. Linux Bridge redundancy with Active/Active Mode and multiple pNICs with necessary binding
B. Linux Bridge redundancy with Active/Active Mode and single pNIC with static binding
C. vSS/vDS in Active/Standby Mode with necessary binding
D. vSS/vDS in Active/Active Mode with necessary pNICS and required binding modes

**Correct Answer: C**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 16**
An architect is helping an organization with the Conceptual Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution.

This information was gathered by the architect during the Discover Task of the Engagement Lifecycle:
There are applications which use IPv6 addressing.
Network administrators are not familiar with NSX-T Data Center solutions.
Hosts can only be configured with two physical NICs.
There is an existing management cluster to deploy the NSX-T components.
Dynamic routing should be configured between the physical and virtual network.
There is a storage array available to deploy NSX-T components.
Which risk was documented by the architect? (Choose the best answer.)

A. Network administrators are not familiar with NSX-T Data Center solutions.
B. Dynamic routing should be configured between the physical and virtual network.
C. There are applications which use IPv6 addressing.
D. There is a storage array available to deploy NSX-T components.

**Correct Answer: B**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 17**
An architect is helping an organization with the Physical Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution.
This information was gathered during a workshop about ESXi Host networking:
A total of 50 ESXi hosts to be configured as Transport Nodes.
All ESXi hosts have a dedicated 2 × Intel 10Gbps Physical Network adapter for the Overlay Traffic.
To achieve low latency, high throughput, redundancy, and performance, which two NIC teaming policies should the architect recommend? (Choose two.)

A. Load Balance Source MAC
B. Load Balance Port ID
C. Load Balance Source
D. Load Balance Source Port ID
E. Failover Order

**Correct Answer: D, E**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 18**
Which two resources can be used by an NSX architect during the Assessment Phase? (Choose two.)

A. vRealize Network Insight
B. VMware Validated Design
C. VMware customer references
D. key stakeholder interviews
E. application licensing

**Correct Answer: A, E**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 19**
A customer wants to place their NSX Managers in different subnets.

Which would an architect recommend to support the request? (Choose the best answer.)

A. Use a load balancer.
B. Use round-robin DNS.
C. Use NAT.
D. Use a cluster Virtual IP.
Answer: D

**Correct Answer: D**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 20**
An architect is helping an organization with the Physical Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution.
This information was gathered during a workshop:
Current hypervisor of choice is KVM.
Cost reduction is important.
Which two selections should the architect recommend to the organization? (Choose two.)

A. Deploy Edge VM Nodes using ISO.
B. Deploy NSX Manager using OVF.
C. Deploy NSX Manager using QCOW2.
D. Deploy bare metal Edge Nodes.
E. Deploy Edge VM Nodes on KVM.

**Correct Answer: C, D**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 21**
An architect is designing a solution for containerization. The solution will include high availability and security using NSX-T Data Center. The architect plans to provide a basic required components list in the Logical Design.
Which solution should the architect recommend? (Choose the best answer.)

A. 3 NSX Managers, 3 virtual NSX Edges, two Tier-0 gateways in Active/Standby, BGP configuration
B. 2 NSX Managers, 2 virtual NSX Edges, one Tier-0 gateway, BGP configuration and a static route
C. 3 NSX Managers, 3 virtual NSX Edges, one Tier-0 gateway and a static route and OSPF
D. 1 NSX Manager, 2 virtual NSX Edges, two Tier-0 gateways in Active/Active, BGP configuration

**Correct Answer: A**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 22**
A Solutions Architect is assisting a service provider with designing an NSX-T Data Center solution for these environments:
Virtual Data Center to Virtual Data Center connectivity
Tenant workload on-boarding to Virtual Data Centers.
These requirements must be met: scalability across 5 data centers all sites have a latency of 180ms MTU between sites is 1800 bandwidth is 100Mbps between sites multi-tenancy Which two selections should the Solutions Architect propose to the service provider? (Choose two.)

A. Configure Remote TEPs for stretching network services between Virtual Data Centers.

B. Utilize SSL VPN for workloads on-boarding from on-premises to Virtual Data Centers.
C. Configure IPSec VPN for Tenant T0 gateways for Virtual Data Centers connectivity
D. Configure IPSec VPN for Tenant T1 gateways for Virtual Data Centers connectivity.
E. Utilize L2 VPN for workloads on-boarding from on-premises to Virtual Data Centers.

**Correct Answer: D, E**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 23**
An architect is helping an organization with the Logical Design of a Layer 2 bridging solution.
This information was gathered during the Assessment Phase:
Workloads are running on ESXi hosts.
Workloads are running on KVM hosts.
Workloads on hypervisors should use bridging services.
VLAN 50 is used for Tier-0 uplink connectivity.
Which selection should the architect include in their design? (Choose the best answer.)

A. Create an NSX Edge Bridge Cluster and configure the bridging profile with VLAN 60.
B. Create an NSX Edge Bridge Cluster and configure the bridging profile with VLAN 50.
C. Create an ESXi Bridge Cluster and configure the bridging profile with VLAN 50.
D. Create an ESXi Bridge Cluster and configure the bridging profile with VLAN 60.

**Correct Answer: B**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 24**
An architect is helping an organization with the Physical Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution.
This information was gathered during a workshop:
The company will use a Leaf and Spine physical network architecture with Layer 3 gateways for top of rack switches.
The company is planning to deploy 120 ESX hosts across 10 racks.
There will be a total of a 12 clusters where each cluster has one host per rack.
What should the architect recommend to allow applications to run on any host in the cluster?
(Choose the best answer.)

A. Deploy all application networks on NSX segments.
B. Deploy an L2 VPN to allow the networks to extend to each host.
C. Deploy a Tier-0 gateway per Rack and configure BGP between racks.
D. Deploy a Tier-1 gateway per Rack and configure BGP between racks.

**Correct Answer: D**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 25**
A customer has a requirement to implement a next generation firewall (NGFW) to improve security network introspection. The customer wants to apply the NGFW to all workloads exposed both internally and externally. The customer wants the NGFW to work seamlessly with NSX-T Data Center and vSphere.
Which solution should be recommended to the customer? (Choose the best answer.)

A. Use network introspection only on the external workloads and use NSX DFW for internal workloads.

B. Apply the NGFW on bare metal hosts which will offer better performance of inline network introspection.
C. Apply the NGFW to internal and external workloads for increased protection and use NSX-T Data Center with Federation to set network policies.
D. Use NSX-T Data Center leveraged with NSX Intelligence to protect all workloads at the network inspection level.

**Correct Answer: D**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 26**
According to the Discover Task of the Engagement Lifecycle, which statement would be classified as a risk? (Choose the best answer.)

A. Enough power and cooling capacity is available in each rack in the data center.
B. To retain certification to provide financial services to end customers, PCI-DSS audits need to be passed.
C. A merger and acquisition process was recently completed and new company on-boarding is not completed.
D. Due to existing contracts and purchase agreements, the existing server hardware needs to be reused.

**Correct Answer: B**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 27**
What would an architect recommend to a customer that wants to extend management to an additional data center through Layer 2, but does not want to add additional NSX-T licensing? (Choose the best answer.)

A. Deploy a standalone NSX Controller.
B. Deploy a standalone NSX Manager.
C. Deploy a standalone Edge as the IPSec VPN.
D. Deploy Autonomous Edge as the L2 VPN client.
Answer: D

**Correct Answer: D**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 28**
An architect is helping an organization with the Conceptual Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution.
This information was gathered by the architect during the Discover Task of the Engagement Lifecycle:
Existing hardware will be used in any design proposal.
Network bandwidth cannot be expanded.
Which concept of the Discover Task do these items belong to? (Choose the best answer.)

A. constraint
B. requirement
C. risk
D. assumption

**Correct Answer: A**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 29**
A customer wants to use ECMP to provide additional throughput and availability for their critical business applications. Some applications require load balancing for scale and availability.

Which two Edge design choices can an architect present to the customer? (Choose two.)

A. Create a Tier-0 gateway in Active/Standby mode and a Tier-1 gateway in Active/Standby mode.
B. Configure ECMP and Load Balancing on the Tier-0 gateway.
C. Create a Tier-0 gateway in Active/Active mode and a Tier-1 gateway in Active/Standby mode.
D. Create a Tier-0 gateway in Active/Standby mode.
E. Configure ECMP on the Tier-0 gateway and Load Balancing on the Tier-1 gateway.

**Correct Answer: B, D**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 30**
A Solution Architect will be deploying an Ethernet Virtual Private Network (EVPN) in their NSX-T Data Center environment.
What two selections must be prepared for the EVPN deployment? (Choose two.)

A. deployed Tier-0 gateway
B. deployed Load Balancer
C. deployed Tier-1 gateway
D. remote gateway with support for IGP and VLAN priority
E. remote gateway with support for MP-BGP and VXLAN
Answer: BE

**Correct Answer: B, E**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 31**
Which three choices are part of a Design Approach when discussing design alternatives and their effects? (Choose three.)

A. backup
B. budget
C. cost
D. performance
E. knowledge
F. security

**Correct Answer: D, E, F**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 32**
An architect is helping an organization with the Logical Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution.
This information was gathered during the assessment:
There must be a performance based SLA for East – West traffic.
Which two key performance features should the architect recommend? (Choose two.)

A. Configure N-VDS enhanced Data Path
B. Install advanced Edge pNIC Features

C. Setup RSS to leverage multiple cores
D. Leverage DPDK drivers
E. Enable GENEVE Offload

**Correct Answer: C, E**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 33**
Which two VMware recommendations should an architect follow when configuring top of rack (ToR) switches in an NSX-T Data Center environment? (Choose two.)

A. Use only IPv4 addressing in all deployments.
B. Configure redundant physical switches to enhance availability.
C. Configure switch ports that connect to ESXi host manually as trunk ports.
D. Configure switch ports with a Dynamic Trunking Protocol.
E. Modify the Spanning Tree Protocol to increase the time to transition to the forwarding state.
Answer: DE

**Correct Answer: D, E**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 34**
A Solutions Architect is working with a customer which wants to extend their traditional Telco IP/MPLS core network to an NFV cloud.
Which NSX-T Data Center feature can be recommended by the architect? (Choose the best answer.)



A. Distributed IDS
B. EVPN
C. Load Balancer
D. BGP
Answer: D

**Correct Answer: D**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 35**
An NSX-T architect is working with a customer who wants to improve performance and future-proof their workloads with a multi-site architecture.
A current-state analysis captured this information:
Latency between sites is 160ms.
Bandwidth is 2Gbps.
The MTU is 1600.
What two VMware design recommendations should the architect recommend to the organization to achieve future-proofing? (Choose two.)

A. MTU is recommended to be 9000.
B. MTU must be at least 1700.
C. Bandwidth must be at least 10Gbps.
D. Latency RTT is acceptable.
E. Latency must be less than 150ms.

**Correct Answer: A, E**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 36**
An architect is helping an organization with the Conceptual Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution.
This information was gathered by the architect during the Discover Task of the Engagement Lifecycle:
There are applications which use IPv6 addressing.
Network administrators are not familiar with NSX-T Data Center solutions.
Hosts can only be configured with two physical NICs.
There is an existing management cluster to deploy the NSX-T components.
Dynamic routing should be configured between the physical and virtual network.
There is a storage array available to deploy NSX-T components.
Which two requirements were documented by the architect? (Choose two.)

A. There are applications which use IPv6 addressing.
B. Dynamic routing should be configured between the physical and virtual network.
C. Hosts can only be configured with two physical NICs.
D. The storage array has enough capacity to deploy NSX components.
E. Network administrators are not familiar with NSX-T Data Center solutions.

**Correct Answer: B, D**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 37**
What is a design justification for a solution with 3 NSX Manager nodes deployed in a 4 ESXi cluster Management Cluster? (Choose the best answer.)

A. NSX Controllers are separated from NSX Managers allowing 6 ESXi servers to host them.
B. NSX Management Plane and Control Plane will be reduced to a single point of failure.
C. Compute consumption guarantees NSX Manager nodes can be run on the same ESXi host.
D. Single point of failure on Control Plane and Management Plane will be mitigated.

**Correct Answer: B**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 38**
An architect is helping an organization with the Conceptual Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution.
Which three selections are requirements documented by an architect? (Choose three.)

A. Aggregate N-S throughput at any given time should be at least 10G.
B. All traffic should recover in the event of Host/Rack/ToR failure.
C. Hardware is 5 years old and new hardware is already purchased.
D. SAN storage has enough capacity to build the new infrastructure.
E. Business critical applications should have an SLA of 99.99%.
F. The Development Team are heavy on API usage.

**Correct Answer: A, C, F**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 39**
A Solutions Architect is designing an environment with 1,200 services being offered through the NSXT Data Center Load Balancer.
Which three selections are necessary to meet the minimum requirements to support the solution?
(Choose three.)

A. Extra Large Load Balancer
B. Tier 1 Gateway
C. Tier 0 Gateway
D. Large Edge Node
E. Extra Large Edge Node
F. Large Load Balancer

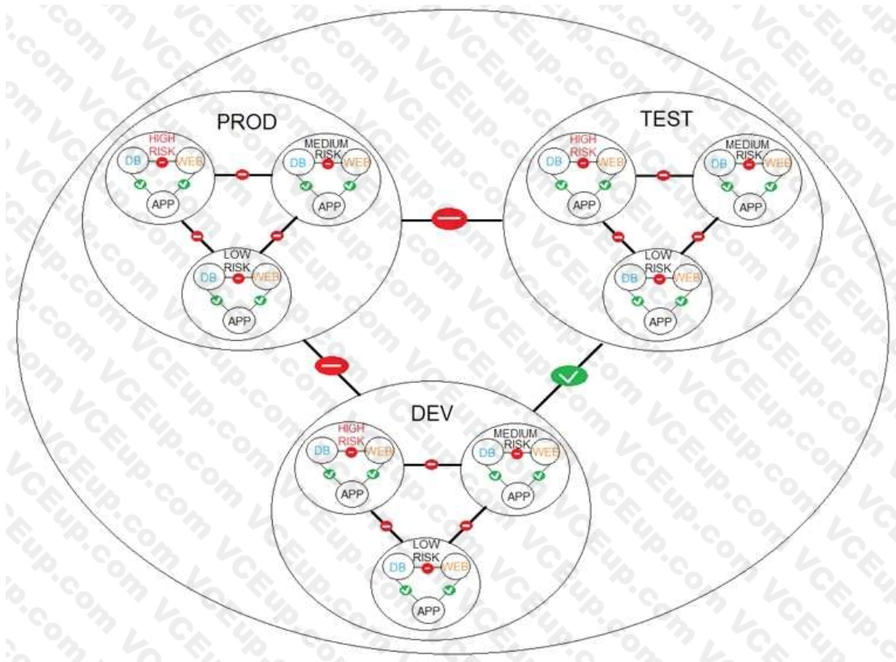
**Correct Answer: B, D, F**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 40**
Which three choices are non-functional requirements? (Choose three.)

A. authorization
B. certification
C. availability
D. authentication
E. scalability
F. cost

**Correct Answer: A, B, E**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 41**
Refer to the exhibit.




A financial company is adopting micro-services with the intent of simplifying network security. An NSX-T architect is proposing a NSX-T Data Center micro-segmentation logical design. The architect has created a diagram to share with the customer.
How many security levels will be implemented according to this Logical Design? (Choose the best answer.)

A. 5 levels
B. 3 levels
C. 9 levels
D. 4 levels

**Correct Answer: A**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 42**
Which selection must be taken into consideration when creating a Logical Design for a planned migration? (Choose the best answer.)

A. An N-VDS can only attach to a single Overlay transport zone.
B. An N-VDS can only attach to a single VLAN transport zone.
C. An N-VDS can attach to both an Overlay and a VLAN transport zone to a N-VDS having different name/s.
D. An N-VDS must be disabled before attaching both Overlay and VLAN transport zones.

**Correct Answer: B**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 43**
Which three assessment findings are part of a Conceptual Design? (Choose three.)

A. risks
B. host names

C. justifications
D. constraints
E. assumptions
F. vendor model

**Correct Answer: A, C, D**
**Section:**

**QUESTION 44**
An administrator is asked to improve Recovery Point Objective (RPO) and Recovery Time Objective
(RTO) for Disaster Recovery (DR) in their company network. The network has a primary site and a secondary site. The ability to support outages with minimum loss of connectivity to the company's core application is a priority.
Which design should the administrator recommend? (Choose the best answer.)

A. NSX-T Data Center using an Orchestrator to recover VMs across sites.
B. NSX-T Data Center using Federation and dependencies set between primary and secondary sites.
C. NSX-T Data Center using a registered third-party DR solution.
D. NSX-T Data Center using built-in standard automation DR and secondary site recovery setup.
Answer: B

**Correct Answer: B**
**Section:**